Solution-phase Synthesis and Preliminary Evaluation of 1,6,8-Trisubstituted Tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrazino[1,2-*a*]pyrimidin-4,7-dione Derivatives as a NF-kB Inhibitor

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To develop a potent form of NF-kB inhibitors, β -turn peptidomimetics with a new scaffold (1), ¹⁻⁶ as shown in Figure 1 were designed.

Previously,⁷ we reported the synthesis and structure-activity relationships of new 1,6,8-trisubstituted tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrazino[1,2-*a*] pyrimidin-4,7-dione derivatives to find the correlation between the polarity of the C-6 substituent and the inhibitory activity. However, we failed to introduce the carboxylic acid group at the C-6 position by solid phase method.

In this study, to investigate the effect of the carboxylic acid moiety at C-6 position of the bicyclic ring, bicyclic β -turn mimetics **7a-g** were synthesized using solution phase, and their NF-kB inhibitory activities are discussed.

Chemistry

The β -turn mimetics were prepared from solution-phase synthesis, according to our previous solid-phase synthetic protocol. Benzaldehyde (1) was reacted with aminoacetaldehyde dimethyl acetal, and subsequently treatment with sodium borohydride in MeOH gave the secondary amine 2, which was then coupled with the cbz-Asp(OBut)-OH with HOBT/DIC in DMF to give 3. Deprotection of the Cbz group 3 by catalytic hydrogenation in EtOH gave the amine compound, which was then coupled with Cbz- β -alanine to afford 4. After cleavage of the Cbz group of 4 by catalytic hydrogenation, the resulting compound was treated with the

$$R_1 = \text{OCH}_3, \text{-H}, \text{-F}$$

$$R_2 = \text{-Isopropyl, isobutyl}$$

$$R_3 = \text{Benzyl derivatives}$$

$$X = O, S, N$$

Figure 1

1

p-nitrophenyl chloroformate in the presence of DIEA to produce **5**. The urea type compounds **6a-g** were accomplished by treatment of compound **5** with the corresponding amines.

Cleavage of the acetal of **6a-g** followed by stereoselective tandem acyliminium cyclization by treatment with formic acid at room temperature was carried out to give the 6,6-bicyclic β -turn mimetics **7a-g**. All final products were purified by preparative TLC (silica gel) to afford the pure products.

Biological studies

All new 1,6,8-trisubstituted tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrazino[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4,7-dione derivatives **7a-g** subjected to preliminary *in vitro* NF-kB inhibitory activity screening⁸ exhibited different biological properties, depending on the kind of substituents at N-1 position of the main bicyclic system. According to the results assembled in Figure 2, compounds **7d** and **7e**, which contain the fluorobenzyl groups at N-1 position, exhibited slightly better activity than their methoxybenzyl group **7b** and benzyl group **7a**. Tested at a concentration of 10 μ M, both compounds showed a 40% inhibition against the target NFkB 549. The compounds **7a-g**, having a carboxylic acid group at C-6 position, showed slight differences to their isobutyl group **7a*-g***.

We found that introduction of carboxylic acid at the C-6 position of bicyclic β -turn mimetics did not affect biological activity compared with the alkyl group. It is of interest to investgate the fluoro substituent and this is in progress.

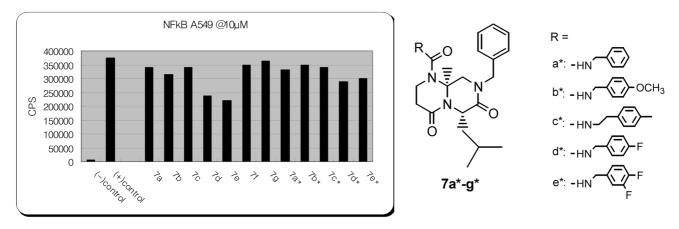
Summary

The solution-phase synthesis of a new series of 1,6,8-trisubstituted tetrahydro-2H-pyrazino[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4,7-diones as bicyclic β -turn mimetics is described herewith. Their NF-kB inhibitory activities were tested and the effect of substituents of the bicyclic ring was investigated. Among these compounds, **7d** and **7e** showed the most potent activity.

Experimental Part

Melting point (mp): Thomas Hoover apparatus, uncorrected. ¹H NMR spectra: Varian Gemini 300 spectrometer, tetra-

Scheme 1. i) Aminoacetaldehyde dimethyl acetal, toluene; ii) NaBH₄, MeOH; iii) Cbz-ASP (OBut)-OH, 1,3-diisopropylcarbodiimide, DMF; iv) 10% Pd/C, THF:EtOH = 1:1; v) Cbz-b-Ala-OH, HOBT, DMF; 10% Pd/C, THF:EtOH = 1:1; vii) *p*-Nitrophenyl chloroformate, *N*,*N*-diisopropylethyl amine, CH₂Cl₂:THF = 1:1; viii) Coresponding amines, CH₂Cl₂; ix) Formic acid



(-) control: None $\,$ (+) control: phorbol myristate acetate NFkB A549@10 μ M

Figure 2. In vitro NFkB A549 inhibitory activity of 7a-g and 7a*-g*.8

methylsilane (TMS), as an internal standard. The mass spectrometry system was based on a HP5989A MS Engine (Palo Alto, CA, USA). IR spectra: Perkin Elmer 16F-PC FT-IR.

N-(2,2-Dimethoxyethyl)benzylamine (2). To a stirred solution of aminoacetaldehyde dimethyl acetal (48.8 mmol, 5 mL) in dry toluene (60 mL) was added dropwise benzaldehyde (1, 48.8 mmol, 4.9 mL) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 80 °C. Evaporation of the solvent *in vacuo* gave a crude residue, which was dissolved with MeOH (50 mL). To the resulting solution was added dropwise NaBH₄ (51.8 mmol, 2.0 g) at 0 °C and was stirred for 24 h at room temperature. The mixture was diluted with H₂O (40 mL), 1*N*-HCl and ethyl acetate (100 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated, and the

resulting residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc/hexane (1 : 1.5) to give **2** (8.8 g, 92%) as a pale yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.76 (2H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 3.37 (6H, s), 3.82 (2H, s), 4.50 (1H, t, J = 5.4 Hz), 7.37 (5H, m).

N-Benzyl-*N*-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-3-benzyloxycarbonyl-aminosuccinamic acid *t*-butyl ester (3). A solution of Cbz-Asp(OBut)-OH (5.6 mmol, 1.80 g), HOBT (5.6 mmol, 0.86 g), DIC (5.6 mmol, 0.9 mL) in dry-DMF (20 mL) was added to the solution of 2 (5.1 mmol, 1.0 g) in dry-DMF (20 mL) at room temperature and was stirred for 12 h at same temperature. The reaction mixture was poured into cold water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was successively washed with water and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Evaporation of the solvent *in vacuo* gave a crude residue,

which was purified by silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc/hexane (1 : 4) to give **3** (2.1 g, 70%) as a pale yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.85 (3H, dd, J = 6.6 and 13.8 Hz), 0.99 (3H, dd, J = 6.6 and 16.5 Hz), 1.32 (1H, m), 1.68 (2H, m), 3.37 (6H, m), 3.56 (2H, m), 4.57 (1H, t, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.76 (2H, s), 4.94 (1H, m), 5.10 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.27 (10H, m).

N-Benzyl-N-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-3-(3-benzyloxycarbonylamino)propionylaminosuccinamic acid t-butyl ester (4). Compound 3 (13.4 mmol, 6.7 g) and 1.5 g of Pd/C (10%) were dissolved in THF and was hydrogenated at 50 psi for 2 h. The solution was filtered through celite and was evaporated to give a residue, which was used without further purification. A solution of Cbz-β-Ala-OH (20.0 mmol, 4.46 g), HOBT (20.0 mmol, 3.06 g) and DIC (20.0 mmol, 3.13 mL) in dry-DMF (20 mL) was added to the above solution in dry-DMF (20 mL) at room temperature and was stirred for 12 h at same temperature. The reaction mixture was poured into cold water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was successively washed with water and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Evaporation of the solvent in vacuo gave a crude residue, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc/hexane (1:4) to give 4 (6.4 g, 83%) as a pale yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (9H, d, J = 4.5 Hz), 1.64 (2H, m), 2.41 (2H, m), 3.36 (6H, m), 3.45 (2H, m), 3.57 (2H, m), 3.83 (1H, m), 4.50 (2H, m), 4.99 (1H, m), 5.08 (2H, s), 7.24 (10H, m).

N-Benzyl-N-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-3-(p-nitrophenoxy-carbonylamino)propionylaminosuccinamic acid t-butyl ester (5). Compound 4 (11.2 mmol, 6.4 g) and 1.5 g of Pd/C (10%) were dissolved in THF and was hydrogenated at 50 psi for 2 h. The solution was filtered through celite and was evaporated to give a residue, which was used without further purification. To above solution of triethylamine (20.6 mmol, 3.6 mL) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (60 mL) was added slowly p-nitrophenyl chloroformate (20.6 mmol, 4.3 g) at 0 °C and was stirred for 1 h at same temperature. The mixture was diluted with H₂O (30 mL), CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL), and the organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. The organic solvent was concentrated in vacuo to give a residue, which was used without further purification.

N-Benzyl-*N*-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)-3-(3-benzylureido)-propionylaminosuccinamic acid *t*-butyl ester (6a). To the solution of **5** (0.7 mmol, 0.4 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added benzylamine (2.1 mmol, 0.23 mL) and was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was neutralized with 1*N*-HCl, diluted with water (20 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL), and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Evaporation of the organic solvent *in vacuo* gave a crude residue, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography with ethyl actate to give **6a** (0.16 g, 40%) as a pale yellow oil. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (9H, d, J = 4.5 Hz), 1.61 (2H, m), 2.36 (2H, m), 3.30 (6H, m), 3.54 (4H, m), 4.32 (2H, m), 4.50 (1H, m), 4.93 (2H, m), 5.41 (1H, q, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.24 (10H, m).

The synthesis of compounds **6b-g** from **5** was carried out by the same procedure as described for the preparation of **6a**.

6b: Yield 40%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (9H, d, J = 4.5 Hz), 1.29 (2H, m), 2.38 (2H, m), 3.37 (6H, s), 3.51 (2H, m), 3.76 (2H, d, J = 1.5 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 4.26 (2H, t, J = 3.5 Hz), 4.72 (1H, m), 4.96 (2H, m), 5.19 (1H, q, J = 8.1 Hz), 6.86 (4H, m), 7.27 (5H, m).

6c: Yield 37%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (9H, d, J = 4.5 Hz), 1.61 (2H, m), 2.36 (2H, m), 3.30 (6H, s), 3.51 (2H, m), 3.76 (2H, m), 4.52 (2H, m), 4.89 (1H, m), 4.98 (2H, m), 5.04 (1H, q, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.19 (3H, m), 7.24 (5H, m).

6d: Yield 35%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (9H, d, J = 4.5 Hz), 1.61 (2H, m), 2.36 (2H, m), 3.31 (6H, s), 3.51 (2H, m), 3.76 (2H, m), 4.52 (2H, m), 4.89 (1H, m), 4.96 (2H, m), 5.49 (1H, q, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.02 (4H, m), 7.29 (5H, m).

6e: Yield 37%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (9H, d, J = 4.5 Hz), 1.60 (1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 2.69 (2H, m), 2.95 (2H, m), 3.38 (6H, s), 3.45 (2H, m), 3.51 (2H, m), 4.52 (2H, m), 4.87 (1H, m), 4.95 (2H, m), 5.29 (1H, m), 7.12 (9H, m).

6f: Yield 32%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (9H, d, J = 4.5 Hz), 1.60 (2H, m), 2.37 (2H, m), 2.70 (4H, m) 3.29 (2H, m), 3.53 (4H, m), 4.38 (3H, m), 5.33 (2H, m), 6.03 (1H, q, J = 2.31 Hz), 7.29 (5H, m).

6g: Yield 50%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (9H, d, J = 4.5 Hz), 1.60 (2H, m), 1.64 (4H, m), 2.48 (2H, m), 3.02 (2H, m), 3.34 (4H, m), 3.37 (4H, m), 4.35 (2H, m), 5.32 (1H, dd, J = 3.0 and 9.0 Hz), 6.01 (1H, q, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.27 (5H, m).

{(6S)-8-Benzyl-1-[(benzylamino)carbonyl]tetrahydro-2H-pyrazino[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4,7-dione-6-ly}acetic acid (7a). A solution of 6a (0.14 mmol, 82 mg) and formic acid (7 mL) in CH₂Cl₂ (300 mL) was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. Evaporation of the solution *in vacuo* gave a crude residue, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc/acetone (3 : 1) to give 7a (19.0 mg, 30%) as a foamy solid. 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.78 (2H, m), 2.37 (2H, m), 3.29 (4H, m), 4.38 (3H, m), 5.33 (2H, m), 6.03 (1H, q, J = 2.3 Hz), 7.29 (10H, m). -HRMS (FAB) Calcd. for C₂₄H₂₆N₄O₅450.1903, Found (M⁺) 450.1907.

The synthesis of compounds **7b-g** was carried out by the same procedure as described for the preparation of **7a**.

7b: Yield 35%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.82 (2H, m), 2.53 (2H, m), 3.31 (4H, m), 3.80 (3H, s), 4.35 (4H, m), 5.35 (1H, dd, J = 3.0 and 9.0 Hz), 5.99 (1H, q, J = 9.0 Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.30 (7H, m). -HRMS (FAB) Calcd. for C₂₅H₂₈N₄O₆ 480.2009, Found (M⁺) 480.2005.

7c: Yield 38%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.82 (2H, m), 2.43 (2H, m), 3.33 (4H, m), 4.35 (4H, m), 5.32 (1H, dd, J = 3.0 and 9.0 Hz), 6.01 (1H, q, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.17 (8H, m). -HRMS (FAB) Calcd. for $C_{26}H_{30}N_4O_5$ 478.2216, Found (M⁺) 478.2220.

7d: Yield 37%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.82 (2H, m), 2.48 (2H, m), 3.34 (4H, m), 4.35 (4H, m), 5.32 (1H, dd, J = 3.0 and 9.0 Hz), 6.01 (1H, q, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.00 (2H, t, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.27 (7H, m). -HRMS (FAB) Calcd. for C₂₄H₂₅FN₄O₅ 468.1809, Found (M⁺) 468.1808.

7e: Yield 38%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.82 (2H, m), 2.34 (3H, s), 2.39 (2H, m), 2.80 (2H, t, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.30 (2H, m), 3.48 (4H, m), 4.74 (2H, m), 5.32 (1H, dd, J = 3.0 and 9.0 Hz), 5.99 (1H, q, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.09 (4H, dd, J = 7.8 and 21.9 Hz), 7.28 (5H, m). -HRMS (FAB) Calcd. for C₂₄H₂₄F₂N₄O₅

486.1715, Found (M⁺) 486.1717.

7f: Yield 40%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.78 (2H, m), 2.37 (2H, m), 2.70 (4H, m) 3.29 (2H, m), 3.53 (4H, m), 4.38 (3H, m), 5.33 (2H, m), 6.03 (1H, q, J = 2.3 Hz), 7.29 (5H, m). -HRMS (FAB) Calcd. for $C_{21}H_{26}N_4O_5S$ 446.1624, Found (M⁺) 446.1630.

7g: Yield 38%. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.80 (2H, m), 1.64 (4H, m), 2.48 (2H, m), 3.02 (2H, m), 3.34 (4H, m), 3.37 (4H, m), 4.35 (2H, m), 5.32 (1H, dd, J = 3.0 and 9.0 Hz), 6.01 (1H, q, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.27 (5H, m). -HRMS (FAB) Calcd. for $C_{22}H_{28}N_4O_6$ 444.2009, Found (M⁺) 444.2003.

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