# Syntheses of Concave-Shaped [5,5,5]-Tricyclic Triquinanes by Pd-Catalyzed Enediyne Cycloreduction 

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Pd-catalyzed enediyne cyclization gives a various polycyclic compounds in a very convenient single step. A few years ago, we reported a cascade cycloreduction of various enediynes leading to [ $\mathrm{m}, 5, \mathrm{n}$ ]-tricyclic compounds catalyzed by palladium catalysts ${ }^{1}$ and, last year, we could synthesize Ceratopicanol by using this method as a key step. ${ }^{2}$ This reaction proceeded with high levels of stereoselectivities leading to concave-shaped triquinane skeletons accompanying a significant increase in structural complexity.

A major problem was found to arise from competition between $\beta$-elimination of the alkylpalladium intermediates $\boldsymbol{A}$ and carbopalladation of intermediate $\boldsymbol{B}$ which formed 4, respectively (Scheme 1). ${ }^{3}$ This problem could be overcome by changing the reaction conditions associated with mainly palladium catalysts and additives. Herein we wish to report a general entry to concave-shaped [5,5,5]-triquinane skeletons by employing Pd-catalyzed enediyne cycloreduction methodology.

## Results and Discussion

First, various enediynes were prepared according to the well-known methods (eq. 1).


Deprotonation of diynes with LDA at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and then


Scheme 1


1b



1 g


$1 i$

Figure 1
treatment of the corresponding aldehydes in THF gave the corresponding alcohols which were protected with trialkylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate to give our substrates $\mathbf{1 a} \mathbf{- i}$ in g -scales (Figure 1). In order to find optimal cycloreduction conditions leading to a general entry to [5,5,5]-tricyclic compounds, we first tested a substrate 1a under different

Table 1. Cycloreduction of $\mathbf{1 a}$ under Pd catalysis

|  | Pd catalyst (5 mol\%) <br> Additives (equiv) | Solvent | Temp $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> Time (h) | 3a <br> (\%yield) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\left[(\pi \text {-allyl) } \mathrm{PdCl}]_{2}\right.$ | DMF | $80 / 2$ | 70 |
|  | $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}(0.1) / \mathrm{HCOOH}(2)$ |  |  |  |
| 2 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PhCN})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DMF | $80 / 6$ | 75 |
| 3 | $\mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DMF | $80 / 8$ | Nr |
| 4 | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}\left(\mathrm{dba}_{3}\right.$ | DMF | $80 / 4$ | $58^{a}(\mathbf{2 a})$ |
| 5 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ | DMF | $80 / 4$ | Dimer |
| 6 | $\mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)_{4}$ | DMF | $80 / 6$ | Dimer |
| 7 | $2 \mathrm{~mol} \% \mathrm{Pd}^{2}\left(\mathrm{PhCN}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ | DMF | $100 / 4$ | 63 |
| 8 | $\mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{PhCN}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ | toluene | $110 / 3$ | 70 |
| 9 | $\mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{PhCN}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ | EDC | $70 / 2$ | 47 |
| 10 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PhCN})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | Dioxane | $100 / 3$ | 59 |
| 11 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PhCN})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | CH3CN | $80 / 4$ | 68 |
| 12 | $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PhCN})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DMF or | $80 / 6$ | $72-78$ |
|  | $\mathrm{HCOOH}(2) / \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{SiH}(2)$ | dioxane |  |  |

[^0]conditions (Table 1).
We have utilized $[(\pi \text {-allyl }) \mathrm{PdCl}]_{2}, \quad \mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3}, \mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}, \mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)_{4}$, and $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PhCN})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ as $\mathrm{Pd}-$ precatalysts for cycloreduction of 1a using two equivalent of HCOOH as a reductant and DMF as a solvent (entries 1-6). Among these, $[(\pi \text {-allyl }) \mathrm{PdCl}]_{2}$ and $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PhCN})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ successfully catalyzed 1a to afford the corresponding product $\mathbf{3 a}$ in $70 \%$ and $75 \%$ yields, respectively. $\mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, even similar to $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PhCN})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, did not catalyze this reaction. $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3}$ catalyzed this reaction but afforded to the triene compound 2a as a major product. Finally, when we employed $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc})_{2}$ and $\mathrm{Pd}\left(\mathrm{PPh}_{3}\right)_{4}$ as catalysts, the unexpected dimerized product was obtained exclusively. Completion of this sequential cyclization catalyzed by Pd compound required increased stability and fast reduction of the Pd-alkyl intermediate. The decreased amount of precatalyst from 5 $\mathrm{mol} \%$ to $2 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ was less effective in terms of isolated yield of 3 (entry 7). Use of nonpolar solvents such as toluene, EDC, dioxane, and acetonitrile were inferior to DMF (entries 8-11). To facilitate formation of $\mathbf{3}$, stronger reductant might be required to cleave the carbon- Pd bond of $\boldsymbol{B}$ as soon as it was formed. Otherwise, triene 2 and further cyclized product 4 were formed. Triethylsilane turned out to be a good choice for this rapid reduction of alkylpalladium intermediate over unwanted $\beta$-elimination (entry 12). Thus, an optimal condition for this cycloreduction was found: 5 $\mathrm{mol} \% \mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{PhCN})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 2$ equivalents of HCOOH and $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{SiH}$


3b (54\%)





$3 g(66 \%, 1: 1)$


3h (40\%)


in DMF or dioxane. This condition was applied to the structurally diverse enediynes $\mathbf{1 b} \mathbf{- 1 i}$ (Figure 2).

While 1b and 1c possessing a geminal dimethyl group gave the desired product $\mathbf{3 b}$ and $\mathbf{3 c}$ in $54 \%$ and $40 \%$ yields, respectively, $\mathbf{1 d}$ with no geminal alkyl group was less reactive to give $\mathbf{3 d}$ in only $15 \%$ yield. The substrate $\mathbf{1 e}$ has the same carbon skeleton as 1a but has different protecting groups. The cycloreduction of $\mathbf{1 e}$ was virtually similar to that of $\mathbf{1 a}$ to give $\mathbf{3 e}$ in $80 \%$ yield. The $\mathbf{1 f}$, a homolog of $\mathbf{1 a}$ having a methyl substituent on the olefinic position, also gave the cycloreduced product $\mathbf{3 f}$ in $62 \%$ yield under our conditions. The substrate $\mathbf{1 g}$ was designed for application of its cycloreduced product. Cycloreduction of $\mathbf{1 g}$ under our conditions gave about 1:1 mixture of two isomeric products $\mathbf{3 g}$ in $66 \%$ yield. Both isomers $\mathbf{3 g}-1$ and $3 \mathrm{~g}-2$ could be separated by HPLC chromatography. Finally, this method was applied two enediynes bearing a heteroatom linker. The oxygen-linkered $\mathbf{1 h}$ was also cycloreduced to give $\mathbf{3 h}$ in $40 \%$ yield, while the nitrogen-linkered $\mathbf{1 i}$ was not cycloreduced to $\mathbf{3 i}$ but cycloisomerized to give $\mathbf{3 i}$ in $56 \%$ yield. Note that some products $\mathbf{3 b}, \mathbf{3 g}$, and $\mathbf{3 h}$ were desilylated by adding 1.0 M solution of tetrabutylammonium fluoride solution in THF.

Stereochemistries of 3a-h were speculated based on 2D NMR of $\mathbf{3 j - 2}$ and X-ray study of $\mathbf{6}$, which were intermediates to the ceratopicanol synthesis (Scheme 2). ${ }^{2}$

A catalytic mixture of $[(\pi \text {-allyl }) \mathrm{PdCl}]_{2}(5 \mathrm{~mol} \%), \mathrm{PPh}_{3}(20$ $\mathrm{mol} \%$ ), HCOOH ( 1.0 eq ), and triethylsilane ( 10 eq ) in $1,4-$ dioxane was found to transform enediyne $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{j}$ to the cycloreduced tricycle $\mathbf{3 j}$ in $70-75 \%$ yield $(\alpha / \beta$ ratio of angular $\mathrm{H}=$ $1 / 3$ ) along with only a little amount of the triene. ${ }^{4}$ Stereoselectivity in our cycloreduction was turned out that the present cycloreduction was highly stereoselective having concave-relationship among three fused 5 -membered rings. Both $\mathbf{3 j - 1}$ and $\mathbf{3 j - 2}$ could be transformed to $( \pm)$-ceratopicanol.

In conclusion, we have shown a general entry to fused [ $5,5,5]$ tricyclic compounds with concave shapes starting from the corresponding linear enediynes substrates under mild Pd catalysis. ${ }^{5}$

## Experimentals

General experimental procedure (3a-h): A mixture of



5 steps


Scheme 2
enediyne 1a-h ( 0.4 mmol ), $\mathrm{Pd}(5 \mathrm{~mol} \%), \mathrm{PPh}_{3}(10 \mathrm{~mol} \%)$, $\mathrm{HCOOH}(0.8 \mathrm{mmol})$, triethylsilane $(0.8 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dried solvent $(1.0 \mathrm{~mL})$ in a 5 mL test tube was heated at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2-24 h under argon atmosphere. The reaction was monitored by checking TLC periodically. Upon completion, the solvent was removed under vacuum and the crude product was subjected for flash column chromatography to afford the corresponding products $\mathbf{3 a - h}$ in fair to good yields as shown in Figure 2. 3a: IR $\left(\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) 2932,2858,1733$, 1472; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.68-7.64$ (m, 4H), 7.44-7.31 (m, 6H), 4.20-3.94 (m, 4H), $3.85(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.54(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.18(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.4,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 1 H ), 2.13 (dd, $J=12.0,4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.06(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,6.4$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.87(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.2,2.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.43(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.2,9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.21(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 1.14(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.12(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.04(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 1.00$ $(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.2,4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.90(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.75(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.21,172.12,145.04,141.70$, $136.00,134.43,134.22,129.37,129.25,127.43,127.21$, $77.13,61.57,61.34,61.30,59.04,52.62,50.23,46.53$, 46.26, 42.94, 31.54, 28.65, 26.98, 24.36, 23.77, 19.57, 14.01, 13.90; HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{36} \mathrm{H}_{48} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{SiNa}^{+} 611.3169$; found, 611.3165. 3b: IR $\left(\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) 3356,2949,2861$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 3.92(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.63(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.24-2.13$ (m, 2H), $2.10(\mathrm{dd}, J=12.0,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.05-1.97(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.92-1.83(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.76(\mathrm{dd}, J=12.8,9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.58-1.53$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.42-1.37(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.12(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.05(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.03$ (dd, $J=12.4,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.96(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 151.75,139.69,76.61,60,60,51.93,50.58$, $46.25,44.11,39.48,28.70,26.49,23.05,22.62,22.39$; HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{ONa}^{+}$229.1568; found, 229.1559. 3c: IR ( $\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) 2955, 2931, 2859, 1472; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 4.71(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.51(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.13-$ $2.06(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.00-1.87(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.78-1.66(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.53-$ $1.43(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.19(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.16(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.03-0.97(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 0.88 ( $\mathrm{s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$ ), $0.08(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.07(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 155.69,139.86,68.26,63.39,52.56,51.44,44.43$, $39.91,38.35,36.83,30.08,29.82,27.77,25.94,23.25$, 18.00, -4.09, -4.37 ; HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{OSiNa}^{+}$ 343.2433; found, 343.2429. 3d: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 4.28(\mathrm{t}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.46(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.22-2.14(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, 2.06-1.94 (m, 4H), 1.84-1.74 (m, 3H), 1.60-1.56 (m, 1H), $1.26(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.13-1.06(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.83(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 0.04(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, 0.03 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ); HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{OSiNa}^{+}$315.2120; found, 315.2126. 3e: IR $\left(\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) 2954,2930,2895$, 2858, 1738, 1435; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 3.75$ (s, $3 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.50(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.86(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 2.37 (d, $J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.12(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.2,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.76(\mathrm{dd}, J=12.8,10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.51(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.2,9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.11(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.00(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $0.96(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.86(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 0.80(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $0.04(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.00(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 172.76, 172.61, 143.57, 143.27, 76.37, 61.78, 59.11, 52.85, 52.78, 50.19, 46.44, 46.18, 42.59, 32.17, 28.67, 26.14, 25.77, 23.88, 23.73, 18.20, -4.33, -5.07; HRMS calculated for: $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{40} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{SiNa}^{+} 459.2543$; found, 459.2548. 3f: IR
$\left(\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ 2956, 2930, 2858, 1735, 1475; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 4.26-4.11(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $16.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.10 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 1.89 (s, 2H), 1.49-1.46 (m, 2H), $1.35(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.28-1.24(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.20(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.02$ $(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.88(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 0.80(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.05(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.01(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.68,172.46,145.48$, 143.33, 77.13, 61.63, 61.57, 61.40, 59.92, 59.06, 58.15, $53.78,49.06,45.42,31.56,31.46,29.69,29.22,25.83$, 24.70, 18.24, 14.03, 13.98, $-4.30,-5.21$; HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{46} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{SiNa}^{+}$501.3012; found, 501.3018. 3g-1: IR $\left(\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) 3419,3031,2927,2862,1454 ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 4.49(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.14-4.08$ (m, 1H), $3.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.51(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.70(\mathrm{ddd}, J$ $=15.4,6.4,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.25(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.4,5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.13$ (dd, $J=11.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.82-1.72(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.71(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.35(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $1.05(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.00(\mathrm{dd}, J=12.4,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.93(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 147.64,142.29,138.59$, 128.34, 127.57, 127.46, 81.42, 76.40, 71.08, 58.10, 53.03, 48.87, 46.18, 45.74, 43.84, 31.47, 28.70, 25.02, 22.57; HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~K}^{+} 351.1726$; found, 351.1728. 3g-2: IR $\left(\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) 3419,2960,2861,1715$, 1496; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.36-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H})$, $4.48(\mathrm{ABq}, \Delta \delta=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.38(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.95(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.59(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.56$ (ddd, $J=17.2,8.0,4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.33$ (ddd, $J=17.2,4.8,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.09$ (dd, $J=11.6$, $6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.02(\mathrm{dd}, J=12.8,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.77(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $12.8,8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.52(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.10(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.04(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.07-1.02(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 0.99(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 147.88$, 141.46, 138.52, 128.33, 127.61, 127.48, 82.34, 76.57, 71.12, $59.30,52.03,49.74,46.87,46.45,44.04,30.17,28.61$, 23.93, 22.60; HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{Na}^{+}$335.1987; found, 335.1991. 3h: IR ( $\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) 3419, 2952, 2862, 1456; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 4.32-4.22(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $3.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.06(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.81(\mathrm{dd}, J=12.8,9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.54(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,9.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.28(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.11(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $12.8,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.06(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.01(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 146.56,141.28,79.39,76.22,63.20,61.67$, 52.55, 47.65, 46.68, 43.54, 28.53, 22.41, 21.64; HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~K}^{+}$247.1100; found, 247.1114. 3i: IR $\left(\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) 2956,2929,2857,1347 ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.77-7.70(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.32-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.31(\mathrm{bs}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.24-3.97(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.43(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.26-2.14(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H})$, $2.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.07(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.94(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.91(\mathrm{~s}$, $9 \mathrm{H}), 0.10(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.08(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 143.23,138.49,134.27,130.87,129.68,127.91,127.54$, $127.25,84.13,56.05,54.31,49.27,42.93,28.39,26.19$, 24.24, 23.93, 21.49, 21.26, 18.27, $-2.63,-4.12$; HRMS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{39} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{SSiNa}^{+} 496.2318$; found, 496.2322.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{a}$ Isolated yield of triene 2a.

