Radical Cyclization Studies of Alkenylboronates

Eun Lee,* Kyukwan Zong, Hwa Young Kang, Jongho Lim, and Ji Young Kim

School of Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, Seoul National University, Seoul 151-747, Korea Received June 19, 2000

Alkenylboronates were shown to serve as effective interand intramolecular radical acceptors. More recently, results on the boron-tethered radical cyclization reactions were reported. In these reactions, the C-B bond oxidation eventually yields alcoholic products, the stereoselectivity being determined at the radical addition step.

In our continuing search for stereoselective radical cyclization reactions, we had occasion to examine further stereochemical characteristics of alkenylboronate radical cyclization reactions. First, the alkenylboronate 3 was prepared from 6-bromo-3-benzyloxy-1-hexyne (1) via Rh-catalyzed hydroboration with pinacolborane.³ Radical cyclization of 3 under the standard high dilution conditions led to the formation of the product mixture 5, which yielded the benzyl ethers 7 and 9 of trans- and cis-2-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentan-1-ol (17 and 19) in a 3:1 ratio upon oxidation with m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (Scheme 1). Likewise, the alkenylboronate 4, which was prepared from 7-bromo-3benzyloxy-1-heptyne (2), was converted into the cyclohexanol products 6, which eventually yielded the benzyl ethers 8 and 10 of trans- and cis-2-(hydroxymethyl)cyclohexan-1-ol (18 and 20) in a 3.5:1 ratio. It may be concluded that 5-exo and 6-exo radical cyclization reactions of the alkenylboronate substrates possessing allylic alkoxy substituents follow the general rule for 4-substituted 5-hexenyl radicals favoring production of the *trans* isomers.⁴

An alternative way of preparing compounds like 17/19 and 18/20 would be using ω -oxoalkenylboronate substrates; we were intrigued by the possibility of stereocontrol *via* intramolecular association involving the stannyloxyalkyl radical moiety, produced upon stannyl radical addition to the aldehydo group, and the resident boronate functionality. The substrate 6-oxohexenylboronate 13 was prepared from 5-hexyn-1-ol (11) *via* Rh-catalyzed hydroboration with pinacolborane and subsequent PCC oxidation. Reaction of

Scheme 1

Scheme 2

13 with tributylstannane proceeded smoothly producing a mixture of products 15. Oxidation of the product mixture 15 led to the efficient formation of *trans*- and *cis*-2-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentan-1-ol (17 and 19)⁵ in a 1.5:1 ratio (Scheme 2). Starting from 6-heptyn-1-ol (12), the 7-oxoheptenylboronate 14 was prepared analogously. When the radical cyclization product mixture 16 was subjected to the mCPBA oxidation, *trans*- and *cis*-2-(hydroxymethyl)cyclohexan-1-ol (18 and 20)⁶ were obtained in a 1.7:1 ratio.

In the present studies, modest levels of stereocontrol were ascertained in the radical cyclization reactions of ω -oxoalkenylboronates, negating the possible role of the boronate moiety in inducing high stereocontrol via intramolecular association. However, alkenylboronate radical cyclization strategy will probably serve as a viable alternative in the synthesis of complex 2-(hydroxymethyl)cycloalkan-1-ols.

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